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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: July 3, 2018 CONTACT: Samantha Thompson, 775-684-2709, <u>sthompson@dcnr.nv.gov</u>

Non-native satin moths impacting aspen foliage in Lake Tahoe

(LAKE TAHOE, NV) In the mountains east of Lake Tahoe, visitors may notice that aspen trees have been defoliated due to an influx of invasive white satin moths (*Leucoma salicis*). The white satin moth is a non-native defoliator of aspen, cottonwoods, willows and other deciduous species. Continued defoliation can threaten aspen stands, which provide important habitat for a variety of native species.

The Nevada Tahoe Resource Team – which consists of representatives from several divisions within the <u>Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources</u> (the <u>Nevada Division of Forestry</u>, the <u>Nevada</u> <u>Division of State Parks</u>, and the <u>Nevada Division of State Lands</u>) and the Nevada Department of Wildlife recently engaged the University of Nevada, Reno and the Tahoe Institute for Natural Science to perform in-depth research studies and data analysis. Supported by the Nevada Tahoe Resource Team, the multidisciplinary experts from the University of Nevada, Reno and the Tahoe Institute for Natural Science are conducting two multi-year studies that will be used to guide future management decisions in support of a thriving natural environment.

"The Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources is committed to protecting, restoring, and enhancing the health of Nevada's diverse landscapes," said Brad Crowell, Director of the Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources. "Lake Tahoe is an iconic natural wonder, and together with our partners, we will continue protecting Lake Tahoe from threats to the Lake ecosystem for the benefit of all Nevadans and visitors to our great state using cutting-edge science and environmental management practices."

If you see white satin moths or areas damaged by these insects, please call 775-849-2500, ext. 241. This will provide valuable information for tracking and monitoring purposes. For more information, visit http://forestry.nv.gov/forestry-resources/forest-health/white-satin-moth-leucoma-salicis/

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The Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources' mission is to protect, manage, and enhance Nevada's natural and cultural resources. Established in 1957, the Department includes ten divisions and programs (Environmental Protection, Forestry, State Parks, State Lands, Water Resources, Historic Preservation, Conservation Districts, Natural Heritage, Sagebrush Ecosystem, and Off-Highway Vehicles) and 11 boards and commissions.